ainst Union Carbide Corporation from disposing and selling the assets and property of the Union Carbide Corporation in India? Sir, in fact their property should be confiscated. I would also like to know how he will realise the claims of the victims from the Union Carbide Corporation?

SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH: Sir, on the 17th of this months the District Judge Court in Bhopal has already issued an ad-interim injunction against the Union Carbide Corporation against their selling or attempted selling of any of their assets. Sir, the final hearing on this is coming on the 26th November, 1986.

SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: Mr Chairman, Sir, the question is one of these victims geting compensation ultimately. So I want to ask the hon. Minister as to what is the extent of assets which the Union Carbide Corporation have transferred since the institution of the suit before the District Court in New York?

SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH: I could not follow.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The point is how much assets this multi-national company has transferred before the institution of the suit in New York?

SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: Not before but after the institution of the suit in New York.

MR. CHAIRMAN: He would not be able to reply.

SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH: I do not have the exact answer. However, I can add so far as their assets are concerned we are monitoring them. As I have said on a number of occasions on the floor of this House and in the other House that there is a monitoring mechanism which is being done by the Gvorenment of India. We know that the assets with the Union Carbide Corporation will have to be sufficient for the claims that the Government has made.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Judicial Reforms Commission

*286. SHRI K. GOPALAN:
SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) when did Government appoint Judicial Reforms Commission and what were its terms of reference and who were its members;

(b) whether the Commission, has since submitted its report to Government, if so, what action has been taken thereon;

(c) what was the expenditure incurred in this regard; and

(d) whether the report has been published and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI ASOKE KUMAR SEN): (a) The Government have entrusted the system of administration of jus- Law Commission in view of the urgency of the matter.

A statement containing the terms of reference to Law Commission is laid on the Table of the House (*See* below).

(b) and (d) The Law Commission has submitted two Reports one on Gram Nyayalaya and the other on Tax Courts. Steps are being taken to have the requisite copies printed and lay copies of these reports in Parliament.

(c) No separate expenditure in this regard is incurred since it is included in the expenditure of the Law Commission.

Statement

Terms of reference in the context of Studying judicial reforms

1. The need for decentralisation of the system of administration of justice by:—

(i) establishing, extending and strengthening in rural areas the institution of Nyaya Panchayats or other mechanisms for resolving disputes;

(ii) setting up of a system of partipatory justice with defined jurisdiction and powers in suitable areas and centres;

(iii) establishing other tiers or systems within the judicial hierarchy to reduce the volume of work in the Supreme Court and the High Courts.

2. The matters for which Tribunals (excluding services Tribunals as envisaged in Part XIV-A of the Constitution need to be established expeditiously and various aspects related to the establishment and working.

3. The procedural laws with a view generally to disposing of cases expeditiously, eliminating unnecessary litigation and delays in hearing of cases and reform in procedures and procedural laws and particularly to devising procedures appropriate to the terms envisaged in terms 1(i) and 1(ii).

4. The methed of appointments to subordinate courts/subordinate judiciary.

5. The training of judicial officers.

6. The role of the legal profession in strengthening the system of administration of justice.

7. The desirability of formulation of the norms which the Govt. and the public sector undertakings; should follow in the settlement of disputes including a review of the present system for conduct of litigation on behalf of the Government and such undertakings.

8. The cost of litigation with a view to lessening the burden on the litigants.

9. Formation of an All India Judicial Service; and

10. Such other matters as the Commission considers proper or necessary for the purposes aforesaid or as may be referred to it from time to time by the Government.

Masiah Thermal Power Project

*287. SHRI RAMKRISHNA MAZUMDER:
SHRI CHITTA BASU:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 82 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 21st April, 1986 and state:

(a) the progress regarding the installation of the proposed 1260 MW Thermal Power Project at Masiah in West Bengal; and

(b) by when it is likely to be ready for power production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) and (b) The first 210 MW unit of the Mesiah project is scheduled and commissioning by 1990-91 and the second and the third unit at intervals of nine months each thereafter. The project was sanctioned in March, 1986 and action has been taken for acquisition of land, placement of orders for plant and equipment, and for construction of various infrastructural facilities.

Steps taken against industries not following guidelines

*288. SHRI BASUDEB MOHAPATRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact the detailed guidelines laid down by Government for various industries to curb